## Mark Scheme (Results) J anuary 2011

GCE

## GCE Statistics S2 (6684) Paper 1

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## General Instructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75 .
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

- Mmarks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol fwill be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
-     * The answer is printed on the paper
- $\square$ The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark


## J anuary 2011 <br> Statistics S2 6684 <br> Mark Scheme

| Question Number | Scheme Marks |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. <br> (a) | Occurrences of the disease are independent  <br> The probability of catching the disease remains constant. B1 <br> B1  |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & X \sim \operatorname{Bin}(10,0.03) \\ & \mathrm{P}(X=2)=\frac{10 \times 9}{2}(0.03)^{2}(0.97)^{8}=0.0317 \end{aligned}$ |
| (c) | $\mathrm{E}(X)=100 \times 0.03=3$ Blcao <br> $\operatorname{Var}(X)=100 \times 0.03 \times 0.97=2.91$ Blcao |
| (d) | $\lambda=100 \times 0.03$ $=3$  <br> $Y \sim \operatorname{Po}(3)$   <br> $\mathrm{P}(Y>5)$ $=1-\mathrm{P}(Y \leq 5)$  <br>  $=1-0.9161$  <br>  $=0.0839$ A 1 |
|  | Notes |
| (a) | B1 independent <br> B1 probability remains constant. <br> One of these must have the context of disease. <br> No context only one correct B0B0 <br> If only one mark awarded give the first B1 <br> SC if they are both correct without context award B1B0 |
| (b) | B 1 for writing or using $\mathrm{B}(10,0.03)$ <br> M1 for writing or using $(p)^{2}(1-p)^{8} \frac{10!}{2!8!}$ allow ${ }^{10} \mathrm{C}_{2},\binom{10}{2}$ etc <br> Allow $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X} \leq 2)-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X} \leq 1)$ <br> A1 awrt 0.0317 |
| (d) | B1 for using Poisson. Any mean. Common values which imply Poisson used are 0.9665 and 0.8153 <br> dM 1 for writing or using $1-\mathrm{P}(X \leq 5)$ - use of binomial gets M0. <br> This is dependent on them being awarded the previous B mark. <br> A1 awrt 0.0839 <br> SC: Use of Normal in (d) <br> Can get B0 M1 A0.- for M1 we must see $1-\mathrm{P}(X \leq 5)$ <br> or $1-\mathrm{P}(X<5.5)$ oe or get awrt 0.071 |


| Question Number | Scheme Marks |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. |  |
|  | Notes |
|  | B1 for both $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ correct. Must use $p$ or $\pi$ (pi) <br> B1 for writing or using $\operatorname{Bin}(10,0.2)$ <br> M1 for finding or writing $1-\mathrm{P}(X \leq 3)$ or $\mathrm{P}(X \leq 4)=0.9672$ <br> $\mathrm{P}(X \geq 5)=0.0328$ oe or a correct critical region <br> A1 awrt 0.121 or CR $X \geq 5$ <br> M1 need $p<0.5$ and: <br> correct statement using their Probability and 0.05 if one tail test or <br> correct statement using their Probability and 0.025 if two tail test (condone a <br> comparison with 0.05 instead of 0.025 for a two tail test). <br> Do not allow non-contextual conflicting statements eg "significant" and "accept $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ " <br> A1ft correct contextual statement followed through from "their prob". <br> Either a comment on whether the teacher's claim was correct or on whether the student was guessing the answers. <br> NB if a correct contextual statement only is given for their probability then award M1 A1 <br> If $p>0.5$ <br> They may compare with 0.95 (one tail method) or 0.975 (two tail method) Probability is 0.8791 . |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. <br> (a) | $\mathrm{E}(X)=\frac{3-1}{2}=1$ | B1 cao |
| (b) | $\operatorname{Var}(X)=\frac{(3+1)^{2}}{12}=\frac{4}{3}$ oe | M1A1 <br> (2) |
| (c) | $\mathrm{E}\left(X^{2}\right)=\frac{4}{3}+1,=\frac{7}{3}$ oe | M1,A1 |
| (d) | $\mathrm{P}(X<1.4)=0.6$ | (2) B1 cao <br> (1) |
| (e) | $\mathrm{P}(X<0)=0.25$ <br> $Y$ is number of values less than 0 $\begin{aligned} & Y \sim \operatorname{Bin}(40,0.25) \\ & \begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(Y \geq 10) & =1-\mathrm{P}(Y \leq 9) \\ & =1-0.4395=0.5605 \end{aligned} \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> (5) <br> [11] |
|  | Notes |  |
| (b) | $\text { M1 } \frac{(3-1)^{2}}{12} \text { or } \frac{(3+1)^{2}}{12} \text { or } \frac{(3--1)^{2}}{12}$ <br> A1 awrt 1.33 |  |
| (c) | M1 "their(b)" + ["their (a)"] ${ }^{2}$ or $\int_{-1}^{3} \frac{x^{2}}{4} \mathrm{~d} x$ A1 awrt 2.33 |  |
| (e) | B1 For writing or using the probability of a negative $=0.25$ <br> M1 Writing or use of $\mathrm{B}(40, p)$ <br> A1 Writing or use of $\mathrm{B}(40,0.25)$ <br> M1 Writing or using $1-\mathrm{P}(Y \leq 9)$ <br> A1 awrt 0.561 or 0.560 |  |


| Question Number | Scheme Marks |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4. | $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \lambda=8$ or $\mu=2 \quad \mathrm{H}_{1}: \lambda<8$ or $\mu<2$ B1 B1  <br> Under $\mathrm{H}_{0}, X \sim \operatorname{Po}(8) \quad$ M 1  <br> $\mathrm{P}(X \leq 3)=0.0424 \quad \quad$ CR $X \leq 3$ A1  <br> $0.0424<0.05$, Reject $\mathrm{H}_{0}$. Richard's claim is supported. M1A1ft  <br>   [6] |
|  | Notes |
|  | B1 for $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ correct. Must use $\lambda$ or $\mu$ and 8 or 2 <br> B1 for $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ correct. Must use $\lambda$ or $\mu$ and 8 or 2 <br> M1 for writing or using $\mathrm{Po}(8)$ - may be implied by correct CR <br> A1 awrt 0.0424 or CR $X \leq 3$ <br> M1 need $p<0.5$ and: <br> correct statement using their Probability and 0.05 if one tail test or <br> correct statement using their Probability and 0.025 if two tail test (condone a <br> comparison <br> with 0.05 instead of 0.025 for a two tail test). <br> Do not allow non-contextual conflicting statements eg "significant" and "accept $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ " <br> A1ft correct contextual statement followed through from "their prob". <br> Either a comment on whether Richard's claim was correct <br> or on whether the service has improved. <br> NB if a correct contextual statement only is given for their probability then award M1 A1 $p>0.5$ <br> They may compare with 0.95 (one tail method) or 0.975 (two tail method) <br> Probability is 0.9576 |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. <br> (a) | $\begin{aligned} & m=-\frac{4}{0.5}=-8 \\ & \mathrm{f}(x)=4-8 x\left(^{*}\right) \\ & \mathrm{f}(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc} -8 x+4 & 0 \leq x \leq 0.5 \\ 0 & \text { otherwise } \end{array}\right. \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> Alcso <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> (4) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{F}(x) & =\int_{0}^{x}(-8 x+4) \mathrm{d} x \\ & =\left[-4 x^{2}+4 x\right]_{0}^{x} \\ \mathrm{~F}(x)= & \left\{\begin{array}{cc} 0 & x<0 \\ -4 x^{2}+4 x & 0 \leq x \leq 0.5 \\ 1 & x>0.5 \end{array}\right. \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 B1 <br> (4) |
| (c) | $\begin{gathered} -4 x^{2}+4 x=0.5 \\ x=\frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{2})=0.146 \end{gathered}$ | M1 M1A1 |
| (d) | $x=0$ | B1 (1) |
| (e) | Positive Skew as mode<median | $\begin{array}{\|lr} \hline \text { Blft } & \\ & \\ & \text { [13] } \end{array}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Scheme | Marks |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | M1 for $\pm \frac{4}{0.5}$ or attempt at gradient <br> A1cso for proceeding to given expression with no incorrect working seen <br> B1 for top line. Must have $f(x)$ and $\{$ and more than one line. Condone use of $<$. <br> B1 for 0 otherwise and no other parts. |  |
| (b) | M1 attempting to integrate (at least one $\left.x^{n} \rightarrow x^{n+1}\right)$ (ignore limits) <br> M1 correct limits used or +C and either $\mathrm{F}(0)=0$ or $\mathrm{F}(0.5)=1$, <br> may be implied by seeing $4 x-4 x^{2}$ |  |
| A1 middle line. May write $4 x-4 x^{2}$ |  |  |
| B1 top and bottom line |  |  |$\quad$| (c) |
| :--- |
| M1 Their $\mathrm{F}(x)=0.5$ <br> M1 attempting to solve - either correct use of quadratic formula <br> or correct completion of the square <br> A1 awrt 0.146 or $\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{4}$ o.e |
| (d) | | B1 for 0 |
| :--- |
| (e) | | B1 ft their mode and median. Need direction and correct corresponding reason |
| :--- |
| OR B1 positive skew from tail on right hand side in diagram |



| Question Number | Scheme Marks |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Notes |
| (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 Poisson } \\ & \text { A1 } 2.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| (b) | Any two of the statements or equivalent. At least one must be in context. Need words that imply "cars arrive" or "rate of arrival." SC no context but 2 correct reasons B1B0 No context but 1 correct reason B0B0 |
| (c) (i) | B1 awrt 0.0821 |
| (ii) | M1 for writing or finding $1-\mathrm{P}(X \leq 3)$ |
| (d) | A1 awrt 0.242 <br> M1 writing or using $\operatorname{Po}(10)$ <br> M1 for 1- 0.0487 or 0.9513 seen or implied by correct value for $m$ |
| (e) | B1 use of normal <br> B1 using or seeing mean and variance of 25 <br> These first two marks may be given if the following are seen in the correct places in the standardisation formula : 25 and $\sqrt{25}$ or 5 <br> M1 for attempting a continuity correction ( $14 \pm 0.5$ ) or ( $15 \pm 0.5$ ) <br> M1 for standardising using their mean and their standard deviation and using [14.5, 14, $13.5,15$ or 15.5 ] accept $\pm \mathrm{z}$. <br> A1 correct z value $\pm 2.1$ or $\pm \frac{14.5-25}{5}$, <br> A1 awrt 0.0179 <br> NB use of calculator gets full marks if the answer is awrt 0.0179 . |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. <br> (a) | $\begin{aligned} \int_{0}^{9} k\left(81 x-x^{3}\right) \mathrm{d} x & =1 \\ k\left[\frac{81}{2} x^{2}-\frac{1}{4} x^{4}\right]_{0}^{9} & =1 \\ k\left(\frac{6561}{2}-\frac{6561}{4}\right) & =1 \\ k & =\frac{4}{6561} * * \mathrm{ag}^{* *} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 cso (3) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{E}(X) & =\int_{0}^{9} k x^{2}\left(81-x^{2}\right) \mathrm{d} x \\ & =k\left[\frac{81}{3} x^{3}-\frac{x^{5}}{5}\right]_{0}^{9} \\ & =k(19683-11809.8) \\ & =4.8 \end{aligned}$ | M1A1 <br> dM1 <br> Al cao <br> (4) |
| (c) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(X>5) \quad & =\int_{5}^{9} k\left(81 x-x^{3}\right) \\ & =k\left[\frac{81}{2} x^{2}-\frac{1}{4} x^{4}\right]_{5}^{9} \\ & =k\left(\frac{6561}{4}-856.25\right)=\text { awrt } 0.478 \text { or } \frac{3136}{6561} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> M1d <br> A1 <br> (3) |
| (d) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(\text { At least } 2 \text { queue for more than } 5 \mathrm{mins}) & =3(1-0.478)(0.478)^{2}+0.478^{3} \\ & =0.467 \end{aligned}$ | M1A1ft A1 |



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